## Selected Bibliography

Balmaceda, Margarita M., James I. Clem, and Lisbeth L. Tarlow (eds.), *Independent Belarus: Domestic Determinants, Regional Dynamics, and Implications for the West* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 2002).

Beyrau, Dietrich, and Rainer Lindner, *Handbuch der Geschichte Weißrusslands* (Göttingen, Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht, 2001).

Bobkov, Valentin A., V. Kuznetsov, and V. P. Osmolovskiy, *Politicheskie partii Belarusi* (Minsk: BGAU, 1997).

Burant, Stephen R., "Belarus and the Belarusian Irredenta in Lithuania," *Nationalities Papers* vol. 25, no. 4 (December 1997), 643-658.

Burger, Ethan S., "Belarus: A Case for Peaceful Preemption by the European Union," *Belarusian Review*, vol. 16, no. 1 (Spring 2004).

Burger, Ethan S., "The Legitimacy of the Belarusian Legislative Elections and Referendum," *Belarusian Review*, vol. 16, no. 4 (Winter 2004).

Burger, Ethan S., "The Recognition of Governments under International Law: The Challenge of the Belarusian Presidential Election of September 9, 2001 for the United States," *George Washington International Law Review* 35/107 (2003).

Eke, Steven M., and Taras Kuzio, "Sultanism in Europe: The Socio-Political Roots of Authoritarian Populism in Belarus," *Europe-Asia Studies* vol. 52, no. 3 (May 2000), 523-547.

Fedor, Helen (ed.), *Belarus and Moldova: Country Studies* (Washington, DC: Federal Research Division, Library of Congress, 1995).

Feduta, Aleksandr, *Lukashenko: politicheskaya biografiya* (Moscow: Referendum, 2005).

Garnett, Sherman W., and Robert Legvold (eds.), *Belarus at the Crossroads* (New York: Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 1999).

Goujon, Alexandra, "Language, Nationalism, and Populism in Belarus" *Nationalities Papers* vol. 27, no. 4 (December 1999), 661-677.

Greenbaum, Avraham, "The Fate of Belarusian and Yiddish in the Soviet and Post-Soviet Periods," *East European Jewish Affairs* vol. 30, no. 2 (2000).

Guthier, Stephen L., *The Belorussians: National Identification and Assimilation, 1897–1970* (Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 1977).

loffe, Grigory, "Understanding Belarus: Questions of Language," *Europe-Asia Studies* vol. 55, no. 7 (November 2003), 1009-1047.

loffe, Grigory. "Understanding Belarus: Belarusian Identity," *Europe-Asia Studies*, vol. 55, no. 8 (December 2003): 1241-1272.

loffe, Grigory. "Understanding Belarus: Economy and Political Landscape," *Europe-Asia Studies*, vol. 56, no. 1 (January 2004): 85-118.

Kazanecki, Pawel and Marta Pejda (eds.), *Belarus: The Third Sector. People, Culture, Language* (Warsaw and Minsk: East European Democratic Centre – ISEE, 2002).

Kobets, Uladzimir, and Robin Shepherd, *Jeans Solidarity Campaign. A Case Study of a Civic Pro-Democracy Movement in Belarus* (Bratislava: German Marshall Fund of the United States, March 2006).

Korosteleva, Elena, Colin W. Lawson, and Rosalind J. March (eds.), *Contemporary Belarus: Between Democracy and Dictatorship* (New York: Routledge, 2003).

Lynch, Dov (ed.), *Changing Belarus* Chaillot Paper no. 85 (Paris: EU Institute for Security Studies, 2005).

Manaev, Oleg (ed.), Recent Developments in Belarusian Politics, Society, and Media (Dortmund: Erich Brost Institute, 2004).

Manaev, Oleg, *Mass Media in Belarus* Working Papers in International Journalism no. 3 (Bochum: Projekt Verlag, 2003).

Manaev, Oleg, Stanovlenie grazhdanskogo obshchestva v nezavisimoy Belarusi. Sotsiologicheskie opyty: 1991-2000 (Minsk: FilServ Plyus, 2000).

Manaev, Oleg, Stanovlenie grazhdanskogo obshchestva v nezavisimoy Belarusi. Sotsiologicheskie opyty: 2001-2005 (Riga: Layma, 2005).

Marples, David R. (with Lyubov Pervushina), "Belarus: Lukashenko's Red October," *Problems of Post-Communism* vol. 52, no. 2 (March-April 2005), 19-28.

Marples, David R., "Europe's Last Dictatorship: The Roots and Perspectives of Authoritarianism in 'White Russia'," *Europe-Asia Studies* vol. 57, no. 6 (September 2005), 895-908.

Marples, David R., *Belarus: a Denationalized Nation* (Amsterdam: Harwood Academic Press. 1999).

Marples, David R., Belarus: From Soviet Rule to Nuclear Catastrophe (New York: St. Martin's Press, 1996).

McFaul, Michael, "Transitions from Postcommunism" *Journal of Democracy* vol. 16, no. 3 (July 2005), 5-19.

Raik, Kristi (with Grzegorz Gromadzki and Raimundas Lopata), *Promoting Democracy through Civil Society: How to step up the EU's policy towards the Eastern neighbourhood* CEPS Working Document No.237/February 2006 (Brussels: Centre for European Policy Studies, 2006).

Raik, Kristi, Friends or Family? Finnish, Lithuanian and Polish perspectives on the EU's policy towards Ukraine, Belarus and Moldova, FIIA Report 12/2005.

Rindzeviciute, Egle (ed.), *Contemporary Change in Belarus* Baltic and East European Studies 2 (Huddinge, Sweden: Baltic and East European Graduate School, Södertörns University College, 2004).

Silitski, Vitali, "Is the Age of Post-Soviet Electoral Revolutions Over?" *Democracy at Large* vol. 1, no. 4, 8-10.

Silitski, Vitali, "Preempting Democracy: The Case of Belarus," *Journal of Democracy* vol. 16. no. 4 (October 2005), 83-97.

Trenin, Dmitri, Russia, the EU and the Neighbourhood Centre for European Reform Essays (London: CER, 2005).

Trenin, Dmitri, *The End of Eurasia: Russia on the Border Between Geopolitics and Globalization* (Washington, DC: Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 2002).

White, Stephen, Elena Korosteleva, and John Löwenhardt (eds.), *Postcommunist Belarus* (Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield, 2005).

Zaprudnik, Jan, *Belarus: At a Crossroads in History* (Boulder, CO: Westview Press, 1993).

Zaprudnik, lan, Historical Dictionary of Belarus (Lanham, MD: Scarecrow Press, 1998).



The German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) is a non-partisan American public policy and grant making institution dedicated to promoting greater cooperation and understanding between the United States and Europe.

GMF does this by supporting individuals and institutions working on transatlantic issues, by convening leaders to discuss the most pressing transatlantic themes, and by examining ways in which transatlantic cooperation can address a variety of global policy challenges. In addition, GMF supports a number of initiatives to strengthen democracies.

Founded in 1972 through a gift from Germany as a permanent memorial to Marshall Plan assistance, GMF maintains a strong presence on both sides of the Atlantic. In addition to its headquarters in Washington, DC, GMF has five offices in Europe: Berlin, Paris, Bratislava, Brussels, Belgrade and Ankara.

The German Marshall Fund of the United States 1744 R St. N.W. Washington, D.C. 20009 T: (+1) 202 745 3950

F: (+1) 202 265 1662

The German Marshall Fund of the United States
Transatlantic Center for Central and Eastern Europe
Sturova 3

811 02 Bratislava, Slovak Republic

T: (+421) 2 5931 1522 F: (+421) 2 5931 1405

210